A Guide to

Scaffold Use in the Construction Industry

Small Business Safety Management Series

OSHA 3150 2002 (Revised)





U.S. Department of Labor

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(1926.452(t) continued)

- (3) Suspension ropes and cables shall be connected to the overhead supporting members by shackles, clips, thimbles, or other means that meet equivalent criteria (e.g., strength, durability).
- (u) Needle beam scaffolds. (1) Scaffold support beams shall be installed on edge.
- (2) Ropes or hangers shall be used for supports, except that one end of a needle beam scaffold may be supported by a permanent structural member.
- (3) The ropes shall be securely attached to the
- (4) The support connection shall be arranged so as to prevent the needle beam from rolling or becoming displaced.
- (5) Platform units shall be securely attached to the needle beams by bolts or equivalent means. Cleats and overhang are not considered to be adequate means of attachment.
- (v) Multi-level suspended scaffolds. (1) Scaffolds shall be equipped with additional independent support lines, equal in number to the number of points supported, and of equivalent strength to the suspension ropes, and rigged to support the scaffold in the event the suspension rope(s) fail.
- (2) Independent support lines and suspension ropes shall not be attached to the same points of anchorage.
- (3) Supports for platforms shall be attached directly to the support stirrup and not to any other platform.
- (w) Mobile scaffolds. (1) Scaffolds shall be braced by cross, horizontal, or diagonal braces, or combination thereof, to prevent racking or collapse of the scaffold and to secure vertical members together laterally so as to automatically square and align the vertical members. Scaffolds shall be plumb, level, and squared. All brace connections shall be secured.
- (i) Scaffolds constructed of tube and coupler components shall also comply with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section;
- (ii) Scaffolds constructed of fabricated frame components shall also comply with the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section.
- (2) Scaffold casters and wheels shall be locked with positive wheel and/or wheel and swivel locks, or equivalent means, to prevent movement of the scaffold while the scaffold is used in a stationary manner.

- (3) Manual force used to move the scaffold shall be applied as close to the base as practicable, but not more than 5 feet (1.5 m) above the supporting surface
- (4) Power systems used to propel mobile scaffolds shall be designed for such use. Forklifts, trucks, similar motor vehicles or add-on motors shall not be used to propel scaffolds unless the scaffold is designed for such propulsion systems.
- (5) Scaffolds shall be stabilized to prevent tipping during movement.
- (6) Employees shall not be allowed to ride on scaffolds unless the following conditions exist:
- (i) The surface on which the scaffold is being moved is within 3 degrees of level, and free of pits, holes, and obstructions;
- (ii) The height to base width ratio of the scaffold during movement is two to one or less, unless the scaffold is designed and constructed to meet or exceed nationally recognized stability test requirements such as those listed in paragraph (x) of Appendix A to this subpart (ANSI/SIA A92.5 and A92.6);
- (iii) Outrigger frames, when used, are installed on both sides of the scaffold:
- (iv) When power systems are used, the propelling force is applied directly to the wheels, and does not produce a speed in excess of 1 foot per second (.3 mps); and
- (v) No employee is on any part of the scaffold which extends outward beyond the wheels, casters, or other supports.
- (7) Platforms shall not extend outward beyond the base supports of the scaffold unless outrigger frames or equivalent devices are used to ensure stability.
- (8) Where leveling of the scaffold is necessary, screw jacks or equivalent means shall be used.
- (9) Caster stems and wheel stems shall be pinned or otherwise secured in scaffold legs or adjustment screws.
- (10) Before a scaffold is moved, each employee on the scaffold shall be made aware of the move.
- (x) Repair bracket scaffolds.
- (1) Brackets shall be secured in place by at least one wire rope at least 1/2 inch (1.27 cm) in diameter
- (2) Each bracket shall be attached to the securing wire rope (or ropes) by a positive locking device capable of preventing the unintentional detachment of the bracket from the rope, or by equivalent means.

Regulatory Text